

# Prevent Radicalisation Policy



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Skills Empowerment Training Solutions Limited Unit 24, Daisy Business Park, 19-35 Sylvan Grove, London SE15 1PD Tel: 02035387550 Email: info@setslimited.co.uk Page 1 of 7



# **Preventing Radicalisation Policy**

# Background

This 'Preventing Radicalisation Policy' is part of our commitment to keeping learners safe. Since the 'Education and Inspections Act 2006' training organisations have a duty to promote community cohesion. Over the last few years, global events have led to a growth of extremist viewpoints, including advocacy of violent extremism.

Training organisations have an important part to play in both educating learners and young people about extremism and recognising when learners start to become radicalised. In March 2015, new statutory duties were placed on training organisations by the Counter Terrorism and Security Act (2015) which means they must work to prevent learners being drawn into extremism.

Safeguarding learners from all risks of harm is an important part of our Centre's work and protecting them from extremism is one aspect of that.

#### Ethos

At Skills Empowerment Training Solutions Limited (the Centre), we ensure that through our Centre vision, values, rules, diverse curriculum and teaching we promote tolerance and respect for all cultures, faiths and lifestyles. Senior Management also ensures that this ethos is reflected and implemented effectively in the Centre policy and practice and that there are effective risk assessments in place to safeguard and promote students' welfare.

We have a duty to prepare our learners for life in modern Britain and to keep them safe.

Learners who attend our Centre have the right to learn in safety. We do not tolerate bullying of any kind and will challenge derogatory language and behaviour towards others.

## Statutory Duties

The duty to prevent learners and young people being radicalised is set out in the following documents.

- Counter Terrorism and Security Act (2015)
- Keeping Learners Safe in Education (2015)
- Prevent Duty Guidance (2015)
- Working Together to Safeguard Learners (2015)

## Non-statutory Guidance

• Promoting fundamental British values as part of SMSC in training organisation: Departmental advice for maintained training organisation (DfE 2014)



# **Related Policies**

Ensure these policies are correctly named for your Centre

- Acceptable Use (ICT) Policy
- Behaviour for Learning Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- Equality Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct
- Teaching and Learning Policy
- Values for Education Policy
- Visitors Policy
- Whistle-blowing Policy

# Definitions

**Extremism** is defined in the 2011 Prevent strategy as vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs. We also include in our definition of extremism calls for the death of members of our armed forces, whether in this country or overseas.

**Radicalisation** refers to the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and extremist ideologies associated with terrorist groups.

**British Values** are democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

Roles and Responsibilities

## Role of senior management

It is the role of senior management committee to ensure that the Centre meets its statutory duties with regard to preventing radicalisation.

The senior management committee has a nominated person who will liaise with the Centre Manager and other staff about issues to do with protecting learners from radicalisation.

## Role of the Centre Manager

It is the role of the centre manager to:

- ensure that the Centre and its staff respond to preventing radicalisation on a dayto-day basis,
- ensure that the Centre's curriculum addresses the issues involved in radicalisation
- ensure that staff conduct is consistent with preventing radicalisation



# Role of Designated Safeguarding Lead

It is the role of the designated safeguarding lead to:

- ensure that staff understand the issues of radicalisation, are able to recognise the signs of vulnerability or radicalisation and know how to refer their concerns
- receive safeguarding concerns about learners and young people who may be vulnerable to the risk of radicalisation or are showing signs of radicalisation
- make referrals to appropriate agencies with regard to concerns about radicalisation
- liaise with partners, including the local authority and the police
- report to senior management committee on these matters

# Role of staff

It is the role of staff to understand the issues of radicalisation, are able to recognise the signs of vulnerability or radicalisation and know how to refer their concerns.

# Curriculum

We are committed to ensuring that our learners are offered a broad and balanced curriculum that aims to prepare them for life in modern Britain. We encourage our learners to be inquisitive learners who are open to new experiences and are tolerant of others.

- A well-structured Induction and initial assessment and IAG process which addresses the requirements of the programmes of study (looking at Democracy, Freedom, the rule of law, Human Rights and responsibilities) as such as our pupils are able to access
- Teaching Approaches

We will ensure that all of our training approaches include PLTS that help our learners build resilience to extremism and give pupils a positive sense of identity through the development of critical thinking skills. We will ensure that all of our staff are equipped to recognise extremism and are skilled and confident enough to challenge it.

These values support the development of the whole child as a reflective learner within a calm, caring, happy and purposeful atmosphere. Teaching the training organisation core values alongside the fundamental British Values supports quality teaching and learning, whilst making a positive contribution to the development of a fair, just and civil society.

## Internet Safety

The internet provides learners and young people with access to a wide-range of content, some of which is harmful. Extremists use the internet, including social media, to share their messages. The filtering systems used in our Centre blocks inappropriate content, including extremist content.



We also filter out social media, such as Facebook. Searches and web addresses are monitored and the ICT technicians will alert senior staff where there are concerns and prevent further access when new sites that are unblocked are found.

Where staff, students or visitors find unblocked extremist content they must report it to a senior member of staff.

We are aware that learners and young people have access to unfiltered internet when using their mobile phones and staff are alert to the need for vigilance when learners are using their phones.

The Acceptable Use of ICT Policy (AUP) refers to preventing radicalisation and related extremist content. Learners and staff are asked to sign the AUP annually to confirm they have understood what is acceptable.

Learners and staff know how to report internet content that is inappropriate or of concern.

# Staff Training

Staff will be given training to help them understand the issues of radicalisation, are able to recognise the signs of vulnerability or radicalisation and know how to refer their concerns. This information also forms part of induction safeguarding training. Staff are updated as necessary in weekly safeguarding briefings.

#### Safer Recruitment

We ensure that the staff we appoint to the Centre are suitable, our recruitment procedures are rigorous and we follow the statutory guidance published in part 3 of *Keeping Learners Safe in Education (2015)*. Vetting and barring checks are undertaken on relevant people, including governors and volunteers.

## Visitors

Visitors to the Centre are made aware of our safeguarding and child protection policies on arrival at the Centre and are given information about what to do if they are concerned about any aspect of child welfare.

Visitors who are invited to speak to learners will be informed about our preventing extremism policy and relevant vetting checks are undertaken. We undertake due diligence to ensure that visiting speakers are appropriate. Speakers will be supervised at all times and will not be allowed to speak to learners with a member of staff being present.

Staff must not invite speakers into Centre without first obtaining permission from the Centre Manager.



# 'No platform for extremists'

The Centre is vigilant to the possibility that out-of-hours hire of the Centre premises may be requested by people wishing to run an extremist event. The Centre does not accept bookings from individuals or organisations that are extremist in their views.

# Signs of vulnerability

There are no known definitive indicators that a young person is vulnerable to radicalisation, but there are number of signs that together increase the risk. Signs of vulnerability include:

- underachievement
- being in possession of extremist literature
- poverty
- social exclusion
- traumatic events
- global or national events
- religious conversion
- change in behaviour
- extremist influences
- conflict with family over lifestyle
- confused identify
- victim or witness to race or hate crimes
- rejection by peers, family, social groups or faith

## **Recognising Extremism**

Early indicators of radicalisation or extremism may include:

- showing sympathy for extremist causes
- glorifying violence, especially to other faiths or cultures
- making remarks or comments about being at extremist events or rallies outside Centre
- evidence of possessing illegal or extremist literature
- advocating messages similar to illegal organisations or other extremist groups
- out of character changes in dress, behaviour and peer relationships (but there are also very powerful narratives, programmes and networks that young people can come across online so involvement with particular groups may not be apparent.)
- secretive behaviour
- online searches or sharing extremist messages or social profiles
- intolerance of difference, including faith, culture, gender, race or sexuality
- graffiti, art work or writing that displays extremist themes
- attempts to impose extremist views or practices on others
- verbalising anti-Western or anti-British views



• advocating violence towards others

#### **Referral Process**

Staff and visitors to the Centre must refer all concerns about learners and young people who show signs of vulnerability or radicalisation must be passed to the Designated Safeguarding Lead using the usual methods for reporting other safeguarding concerns.

When there are significant concerns about a pupil, the Designated Safeguarding Lead in liaison with the Centre Manager will make a referral to the appropriate body.

#### Monitoring and Review

This policy will be monitored by the governing body at least annually by receiving a report from the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

To be reviewed September 2019
Signed (Centre Manager)
Signed (Director)
Date